



UF-8131

B. E. II (Sem. III) (Textile Processing)

Examination

May/June – 2012

Polymer Chemistry

(New Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Instructions :

(1)

नीचे दृशायेव निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवही पर अवश्य लपवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="B. E. II (Sem. III) (Textile Processing)"/>	<input type="text" value="Student's Signature"/>
Name of the Subject :	
<input type="text" value="Polymer Chemistry (New)"/>	
Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="8"/> <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="1"/>	Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text" value="1,2"/>

- (2) Answers to the two sections must be written in same answer book.
- (3) Figures to extreme right indicate full marks.

### Section - I

- 1 (a) Answer the following objective questions. 10
- (1) Phenyl  $\beta$ -naphthyl amine is an example of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is the repeat unit of starch.
  - (3) Poly m-phenylene isophthalamide is nothing but \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (4) Polytetrafluoro ethylene is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (5) What is difference between silicon and silicone ?
  - (6) With \_\_\_\_\_ polymers we can carry out a substitution reaction.
  - (7) Give an example of amino acid based raw material of nylon \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (8) Textile grade polyvinyl acetate is produced by \_\_\_\_\_ polymerization method.

- (9) The process by which a network of cross links is introduced in rubber is called as \_\_\_\_\_.
- (10) \_\_\_\_\_ is repeat unit of cellulose.
- (b) Discuss the production, properties and applications of isotactic polypropylene. **10**
- 2** (a) Discuss the production, properties and applications of LDPE. **8**
- (b) Describe production, properties and application of polymethyl methacrylate. **7**

**OR**

- 2** Discuss in detail various ecological aspects of polymers. **15**
- 3** Write short notes on any three of the following. **15**
- (a) Viscometry method to determine molecular weight.
- (b) Melamine formaldehyde.
- (c) Determination of weight average molecular weight  $M_w$ .
- (d) Epoxy resin.

## Section - II

- 4** (a) Fill in the blanks : **10**
- (1) Name the raw material of polyvinyl alcohol.
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is hydrolyzed with an alkali to give polyvinyl alcohol.
- (3) The \_\_\_\_\_ process was discovered by Goodyear, in 1939.
- (4) In nylon 66, what does the first digit '6' indicate ?
- (5) Fully aliphatic polyesters have very limited applications due to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (6) Natural rubber is a highly \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ material.
- (7) The free radical attack on the monomer initiating polymerization is \_\_\_\_\_ process.
- (8) In \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ polymerization technique, has monomer droplets.

- (b) Define following. 10
- (i) Plastics
  - (ii) Hydrolysis
  - (iii) Cross linking
  - (iv) Polymer
  - (v) Microscopy.
- 5 Answer any three of the following. 15
- (a) What is number average & weight average molecular weight? Derive the equations.
  - (b) Silicone elastomers.
  - (c) Discuss chain polymerization reaction mechanism in detail.
  - (d) Different copolymers of polystyrene.
- 6 Explain any five of the following. 15
- (a) Write a note on emulsion polymerization.
  - (b) Explain cure reaction in detail.
  - (c) Discuss addition & substitution reactions.
  - (d) What is difference between hydrolysis hydrogenation reactions ?
  - (e) Explain cross linking reaction in detail.
  - (f) Explain bulk polymerization technique to form types of polymers.
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